## CLAIMS

- 1. A display device comprising a liquid container having a transparent wall portion and containing two immiscible liquids having different visual characteristics and at least one of different specific gravities and different viscosities and, means responsive to significant changes in at least one sound parameter in the vicinity of the device for injecting one liquid into another liquid at rates related to said changes to provide a visual display for viewing through the wall portion, which display reacts to at least one of music and voices.
- 2. A display device according to claim 1 wherein said significant changes are in at least one of volume and frequency.
- 3. A display device according to claim 1 wherein said means injects one liquid into the other for dispersion and suspension therein as one or more distinct globules at sizes determined by deviations from ambient sound levels.
- 4. A display device according to claim 1 wherein said means comprises a pump for injecting one of the liquids upwards as a spout from a bottom of the container into another of the liquids, said one liquid being of greater specific gravity than said another liquid, so that said one liquid disperses from the spout falls through said another liquid after injection therein.
- A display device according to claim 1 wherein an injected liquid has greater opacity than a liquid into which it is injected.
- 6. A display device according to claim 4 further comprising a lamp arranged to shine upwards into the container to illuminate the display and means for changing a level of illumination provided by the lamp in response to said significant changes in said at least one sound parameter in the vicinity of the device.

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- 7. A display device according to claim 4 further comprising means for changing a level of illumination provided by the lamp in response to said significant changes in said at least one sound parameter.
- 8. A display device according to claim 4 wherein the means for changing the level of illumination provided by the lamp comprises means to increase power supplied to the lamp to increase illumination in response to a significant change in said at least one sound parameter and to progressively reduce power supplied to the lamp to dim the lamp at a rate related to a time taken for the denser liquid to fall back through the less dense liquid to a bottom of the container.
- 9. A display device according to claim 8 wherein the power increasing and reducing means comprises a voltage controlled dimmer circuit connected to supply power to the lamp and a capacitor providing control voltage for the dimmer circuit and arranged to discharge through a resistor with a time constant similar to a time taken for the denser liquid to fall back through the less dense liquid to a bottom of the container.
  - 10. A display device according to claim 1 wherein said means comprises: a microphone;
- an amplifier connected to the microphone to amplify a signal received therefrom;
- a filter connected to the amplifier for extracting from an amplified signal, a signal representing one of a beat from dance music and syllabic content of speech;
- an amplitude envelope detector connected to the filter for detecting a shorttime amplitude envelope of a signal from the filter;
- a long time averager and an attenuator both connected to the amplitude detector envelope for simultaneously receiving the envelope, the long-time averager creating a DC reference signal proportional to an average sound level;

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a comparator connected to both the long time averager and to the
attenuator for comparing the  DC  reference  signal  with  an  attenuated  version  of  the  action  attenuated  version  of  the  action  action
short-time amplitude envelope from the attenuator;
an electric pump power controller for connection between the comparator
and a power source; and,
an electric pump for connection to the power source by the electric pump

power controller, the comparator changing state when the attenuated version of the short

time amplitude envelope momentarily rises above the DC reference signal proportional to the average sound level, to provide an activating signal to the pump power controller causing electric power to be delivered to the pump.

11. A display device according to claim 1 wherein said means comprises: a microphone:

an amplifier connected to the microphone to amplify a signal received therefrom:

a filter connected to the amplifier for extracting from an amplified signal, a signal representing one of a beat from dance music and syllabic content of speech:

an amplitude envelope detector connected to the filter for detecting a shorttime amplitude envelope of a signal from the filter;

a differentiator circuit connected to an output of the amplitude envelope detector to output rapidly changing signals detected by the amplitude envelope detector:

means providing a constant reference DC voltage;

- a comparator connected to both the differentiator output and the DC reference voltage;
- an electric pump power controller for connection between the comparator and a power source; and,
- an electric pump for connection to the power source by the electric pump power controller,

the comparator changing state when the value of the differentiator output rises above the DC reference voltage, to provide an activating signal to the pump power controller causing electric power to be delivered to the pump.

- 12. A display device according to claim 11 wherein the filter is one of a 200Hz low-pass filter to extract the signal representing beat from dance music and a 100-900Hz bandpass filter to extract the the signal representing the syllabic content of speech.
- 13. A display device according to claim 11 further comprising a lamp arranged to illuminate the display and connected to the power source via the power controller so that the change in state of the comparator causes power to be delivered to the lamp to increase the illumination thereof.
- 14. A display device according to claim 1 wherein said injection means comprises an electric pump comprising a first sub-assembly and a second sub-assembly, mounted outside and inside the container, respectively, the first sub assembly comprising an electric motor with a drive shaft and a cylindrical drive magnet with one axial end mounted thereon and the second sub-assembly comprising an impeller housing with a liquid inlet and a liquid outlet, a cylindrical driven magnet, and an impeller with one axial end mounted on the driven magnet, the container being integrally molded with an outwardly protruding, cylindrical magnet housing portion with a blind, outer end; the drive magnet and the driven magnet being mounted for rotation in coaxial relation surrounding and within the cylindrical housing portion, respectively, so that the drive magnet and driven magnet are magnetically coupled together, whereby the impeller is rotated by the electric motor.
- 15. A display device according to claim 14 wherein a spindle is mounted coaxially in the cylindrical housing portion housing with upper and lower axial ends

and the impeller is mounted for rotation on the spindle.

16. A display device according to claim 4 wherein said one liquid is a mixture comprising propylene glycol, glycerin and water and said another liquid consists essentially of a paraffin oil.

of the spindle supported by the impeller housing and the blind end, respectively,

- 17. A display device according to claim 16 wherein said paraffin oil is 98% paraffin.
- 18. A display device according to claim 4 wherein said one liquid consists essentially of chlorinated paraffin and said another liquid consists essentially of distilled water.
- 19. A method of providing a liquid display comprising the step of comingling immiscible liquids of different appearances at rates determined by changes in ambient sound parameters in an audio range to provide a display which reacts to at least one of music and voices.
- 20. A method according to claim 19 wherein one of the liquids liquid is of greater specific gravity than another of the liquids and are co-mingled by injecting said one liquid from below upwardly into said another liquid so that said one liquid falls through said another liquid subsequent to injection so that the display is a gevser.